# Obstetrics: UB-04 Billing Examples for Inpatient Services – DRG Payment Method

Page updated: November 2022

Examples in this section are to help providers submit obstetric (OB) and newborn inpatient services claims with adequate detail so claims reimburse at the appropriate level under the diagnosis-related groups (DRG) payment methodology.

«Refer to the *Obstetrics: Revenue Codes and Billing Policy for Designated Public Hospitals* section of this manual for detailed policy information.» Refer to the *UB-04 Completion: Inpatient Services* section of this manual for instructions to complete claim fields not explained in the following examples. For additional claim preparation information, refer to the *Forms: Legibility and Completion Standards* section of this manual.

**Billing Tips:** When completing claims, do not enter the decimal points in ICD-10-CM codes or dollar amounts. If requested information does not fit neatly in the *Remarks* field (Box 80) of the claim, type it on an 8½ by 11-inch sheet of paper and attach it to the claim. In addition, for claims that will be reimbursed under the DRG payment methodology:

The primary reason for admission should be placed in the primary diagnosis field (Box 67) of the *UB-04* claim form.

The newborn claim must be submitted independently of the mother's claim for delivery. A claim submitted with both delivery and neonatal services together will be denied.

Providers must ensure that interim claims (claims exceeding 29 days) submitted on various dates contain consistent Benefits Identification Card (BIC) numbers. The newborn's unique Medi-Cal BIC number is preferred on claims for the newborn, but the mother's BIC number is acceptable. Interim claims for the same neonatal stay with both the newborn's and mother's number, or numbers that disagree with the previous interim claim, will be denied.

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## **Electronic Claims: Baby Using Mother's ID Number**

For electronic claim submissions, a statement indicating "baby using mother's ID" must be entered in the NTE segment of the 837I v.5010 electronic claim.

## <u>Cesarean Delivery of Acutely Sick Newborn: DRG-Reimbursed Hospital</u>

Figures 1a and 1b. Cesarean delivery of acutely sick newborn. Diagnosis-related groups (DRG)-reimbursed hospital.

This is a sample only. Please adapt to your billing situation.

### **Case Description**

A mother, who was admitted on October 1, delivers an acutely sick newborn by cesarean section on October 2. The baby develops tachycardia on October 2. The newborn is jaundiced and has a fever. Blood cultures are drawn and I.V. antibiotics are started. The newborn is given phototherapy. The mother is discharged October 5 and the baby is discharged October 8.

## **Overview of Policy**

Because the newborn is ill, his hospital stays requires an admission *Treatment Authorization Request* (TAR). «Services for the acutely sick newborn are separately reimbursable and must be billed on a claim separate from the mother's claim.»

#### Mother's Claim

Figure 1a: Mother's claim.

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and the one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of the mother's admission, October 1, 2015, in six-digit format (100115) in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the 4 p.m. hour of admission in military terms (16) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14), enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "1" indicates an emergency admit.

The total length of the mother's stay is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). Enter the day of admission (100115) as the "From" date and the day of discharge (100515) as the "Through" date. Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is 11 a.m. Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this case, the "01" indicates the mother was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

Revenue code 152 is entered in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) to bill OB-related room and board services for the mother. Enter the description of code 152 (room and board, ward, OB) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a 4 in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate the number of days the mother stayed in the hospital. Do not count the day of discharge.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Enter the appropriate primary diagnosis code in Box 67. In this case, ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z37.0 representing single live newborn is entered in primary diagnosis field Box 67 without decimal points. Secondary ICD-10-CM diagnosis code O82, (encounter for cesarean delivery without indication) is entered as well:

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. In this example, diagnosis code Z37.0 is exempt from POA reporting requirements so no POA indicator is present. Because no illness was detected when the mother was admitted, the POA indicator "N" (no) is entered for diagnosis code O82.

Enter the principal ICD-10-PCS code 10D00Z1 (extraction of products of conception, low, open approach) in the *Principal Procedure* field (Box 74).

The date the procedure was performed, October 2, 2015, is entered as 100215 adjacent to the procedure.

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76). Enter the operating physician's NPI in the *Operating* field (Box 77). Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first *Other* field (Box 78).

## **Acutely Sick Newborn's Claim**

Figure 1b: Acutely sick newborn's claim.

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and the one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of delivery, October 2, 2015, in six-digit format (100215) as the date of admission for the newborn in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the newborn's noon hour of birth as the hour of admission in military terms (12) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14) enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "1" indicates an emergency admit.

The length of time the baby stays at the hospital is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). The date of the baby's admission (100215) is entered as the "From" date and the day of the baby's discharge (100815) is entered as the "Through" date. Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is 10 a.m. Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this scenario, the "01" indicates the baby was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

The sick-newborn services rendered require an approved TAR and are billed with revenue code 172. Enter code 172 in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) and the description of code 172 (nursery newborn, Level II) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a 6 in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate billing six hospital days for the baby. The day of discharge is not reimbursable.

**Note:** Reimbursement for acute care days billed with revenue code 172 begins the day of the newborn's admission. This claim bills for services rendered to the sick newborn beginning October 2.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Type the mother's name (the insured party) in the *Insured's Name* field (Box 58). Enter code 03 in the *Patient's Relationship to Insured* field (Box 59) to designate that the recipient is the insured's child who is using his mother's ID number, which is entered in Box 60.

Enter the entire 11-digit TAR control number in the *Treatment Authorization Codes* field (Box 63). Code 172 services rendered to an acutely sick newborn require an admission TAR.

Enter the appropriate primary diagnosis code(s) in Box 67. In this case, ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z38.01 represents a single liveborn baby born in a hospital, delivered by cesarean section and is entered on the claim as Z3801. The secondary diagnosis code, R78.81, represents bacteremia of newborn and is listed on the claim as R7881. Add the other applicable secondary diagnosis codes:

- P19.1: Metabolic academia in newborn first noted during labor
- P59.9: Neonatal jaundice, unspecified

**Note:** Claims submitted for services rendered to a newborn require at least one diagnosis code. Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level. The primary diagnosis should be the appropriate Z38.0 thru Z38.8 code for the birth episode.

Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. In this example, Z38.01 is exempt from POA reporting. The baby's other conditions present at birth are considered to be present on admission and require a "Y" (yes) POA.

Procedures were also performed on the newborn. ICD-10-PCS code 3E03329, which represents injection of an antibiotic, is entered in the *Principle Procedure* field (Box 74). The other applicable secondary procedures codes are added and the date of each procedure is entered adjacent to the code in six-digit format.

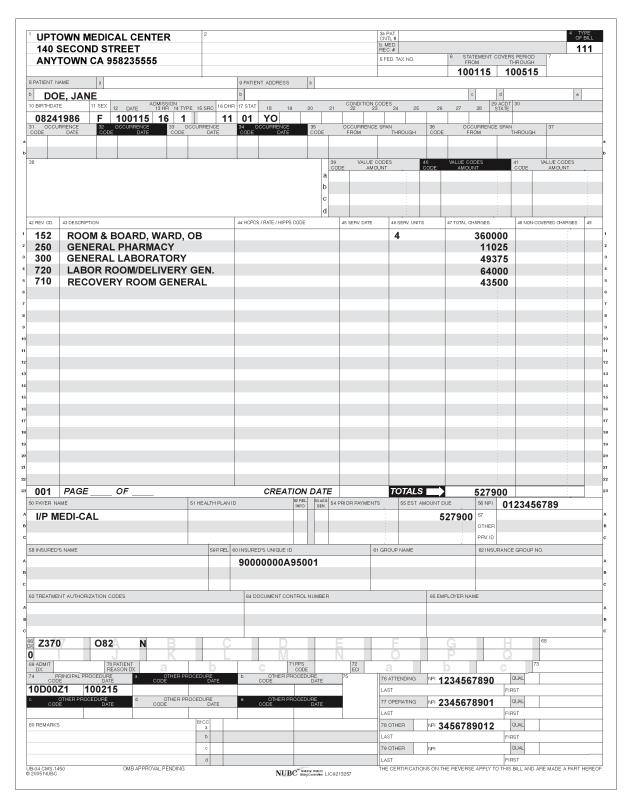
6A600ZZ: Phototherapy of skin, single

05HY33Z: Insertion of infusion device in upper vein, percutaneous

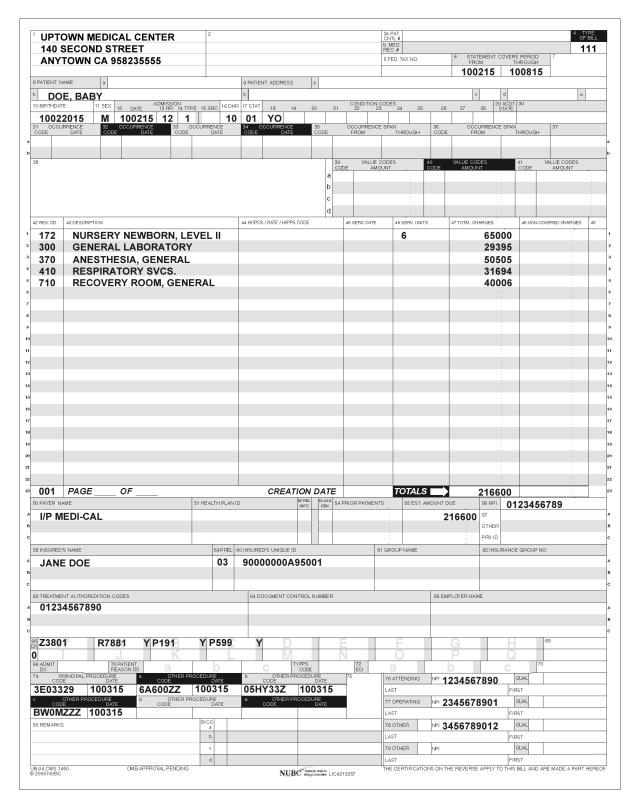
BW0MZZZ: Imaging, plain radiography, whole body, infant

**Note:** No procedure code related to the services rendered to the mother should appear on the newborn's claim. Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76). Enter the operating physician's NPI in the *Operating* field (Box 77). Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first *Other* field (Box 78).



**Figure 1a:** Cesarean Delivery of Acutely Sick Newborn. Mother's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.



**Figure 1b.** Cesarean Delivery. Acutely Sick Newborn's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.

## Multiple Births of Twins with Differing Dates of Birth: DRG-Reimbursed Hospital

Figures 2a, 2b and 2c. Multiple births of twins with differing dates of birth. Diagnosis-related groups (DRG)-reimbursed hospital.

These are samples only. Please adapt to your billing situation.

### **Case Description**

A mother, who is admitted on October 1, delivers her first twin (well newborn) vaginally on October 2 and her second twin (sick newborn) vaginally on October 3. The mother and her well newborn twin are discharged on October 5. The sick newborn twin is discharged on October 8.

## **Overview of Policy**

The mother's hospital stay and services for the healthy twin do not require TARs. The second twin is admitted to the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU) and requires an approved admit TAR for services commencing with the date of admission. Separate claims are required for each patient: the mother, the healthy twin and the sick twin.

**Note:** Welfare and Institutions Code (W&I Code), Section 14132.42 prohibits hospitals from discharging a mother before 48 hours following a normal vaginal delivery, unless early discharge is agreed upon by both the treating physician and the mother. If the mother is discharged early, a post-discharge follow-up visit must be made available to the mother and her newborn within 48 hours of discharge.

#### Mother's Claim

Figure 2a: Mother's claim.

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of the mother's admission, October 1, 2015, in six-digit format (100115) in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the 9 p.m. hour of admission in military terms (21) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14) enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "1" indicates an emergency admit.

The total length of the mother's stay is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). Enter the day of admission (100115) as the "From" date and the day of discharge (100515) as the "Through" date. Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is 11 a.m. Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this case, the "01" indicates the mother was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

Revenue code 152 is entered in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) to bill OB-related room and board services for the mother. Enter the description of code 152 (room and board, ward, OB) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a 4 in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate the number of days the mother stayed in the hospital. Do not count the day of discharge.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Enter an appropriate primary diagnosis code in Box 67. In this case, ICD-10-CM diagnosis code O30.043 represents a twin pregnancy. Diagnosis code Z37.2 indicates twins, both liveborn. The codes are entered on the claim without decimals.

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. In this example, diagnosis code O30.043 indicates the mother was carrying twins on admission and requires a "Y" (yes) POA. Diagnosis code Z37.2 is exempt from POA reporting so no POA indicator is present.

ICD-10-PCS code 10D07Z3 (low forceps operation) is entered in the *Principal Procedure* field (Box 74). Also included is ICD-10-PCS code 0UQMXZZ (repair of other current obstetric laceration). They are entered respectively on the claim without a decimal point. The date of the procedure, October 2, 2015, is entered as 100215 adjacent to both procedure codes.

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

When billing claims involving multiple births, the multiple births and specific birth date for each newborn should be included in the *Remarks* field (Box 80).

Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76). Enter the operating physician's NPI in the *Operating* field (Box 77). Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first *Other* field (78).

## **Healthy Twin's Claim**

Figure 2b: Healthy Twin's Claim.

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of the first healthy twin's delivery, October 2, 2015, in six-digit format (100215) as the date of admission in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the twin's 11 p.m. hour of birth as the hour of admission in military terms (23) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14) enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "4" indicates a newborn admit.

The length of time the baby stays in the hospital is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). The day of birth (100215) is entered as the "From" date and the day of discharge (100515) is entered as the "Through" date. Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is noon (12). Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this scenario, the "01" indicates the baby was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

Revenue code 171 is entered in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) and the description of code 171 (nursery newborn, Level I) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a 3 in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate number of days the baby stayed in the hospital. Do not include the day of discharge.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Type the mother's name (the insured party) in the *Insured's Name* field (Box 58). Enter code 03 in the *Patient's Relationship to Insured* field (Box 59) to designate that the recipient is the insured's child who is using his mother's ID number, which is entered in Box 60.

Enter an appropriate primary ICD-10-CM code in Box 67. In this case, code Z38.30 represents an unspecified twin, born in a hospital and delivered without mention of cesarean delivery. ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z3A.37 represents gestational age of pregnancy of 37 weeks. The codes are entered on the claim as Z3830 and Z3A37.

**Note:** Claims submitted for services rendered to a baby require at least one diagnosis code. Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level. The primary diagnosis should be the appropriate Z38.0 thru Z38.8 code for the birth episode.

Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. In this example, Z38.30 is exempt from POA reporting requirements. For diagnosis code Z3A.37, the twin is healthy so the POA indicator is an "N" (no).

No procedures were performed on the newborn, so no procedure code is required.

**Note:** No procedure code related to the services rendered to the mother should appear on the baby's claim. Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

When billing claims involving multiple births, the multiple births and the specific birth dates for both twins are included in the *Remarks* field (Box 80) on both twins' claims.

Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76).

Enter the operating physician's NPI in the Operating field (Box 77).

Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first *Other* field (Box 78).

#### **NICU-Admitted Twin's Claim**

Figure 2c: Second twin's claim (sick newborn requiring NICU services).

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of the second twin's delivery, October 3, 2015, in six-digit format (100315) as the date of admission in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the twin's 1 a.m. hour of birth as the hour of admission in military terms (1) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14) enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "1" indicates an emergency admit.

The length of time the baby stays in the hospital is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). The day of birth (100315) is entered as the "From" date and the day of discharge (100315) is entered as the "Through" date. Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is 3 p.m. (15). Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this scenario, the "01" indicates the baby was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

The NICU services for the second twin must be billed using revenue code 174 on a claim separate from the mother. Enter code 174 in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) and the description of code 174 (nursery newborn; Level IV) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a 5 in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate five days of NICU care. Do not include the day of discharge.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Type the mother's name (the insured party) in the *Insured's Name* field (Box 58). Enter code 03 in the *Patient's Relationship to Insured* field (Box 59) to designate that the recipient is the insured's child who is using his mother's ID number, which is entered in Box 60.

Enter the entire 11-digit TAR control number in the *Treatment Authorization Codes* field (Box 63). NICU services require an approved admit TAR for reimbursement of the days being billed, commencing with the date of admission.

Enter an appropriate primary ICD-10-CM code in Box 67. In this case, code Z38.30 represents an unspecified twin, born in a hospital and delivered without mention of cesarean delivery. ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z3A.37 represents gestational age of pregnancy of 37 weeks. The codes are entered on the claim as Z3830 and Z3A37.

Code P15.9 represents unspecified birth trauma for the newborn, code Q89.09 represents aberrant spleen and code I45.5 represents intraventricular block. Enter without decimal points as P159, Q8909 and I455 respectively.

**Note:** Claims submitted for services rendered to a newborn require at least one diagnosis code. Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level. The primary diagnosis should be the appropriate Z38.0 thru Z38.8 code for the birth episode.

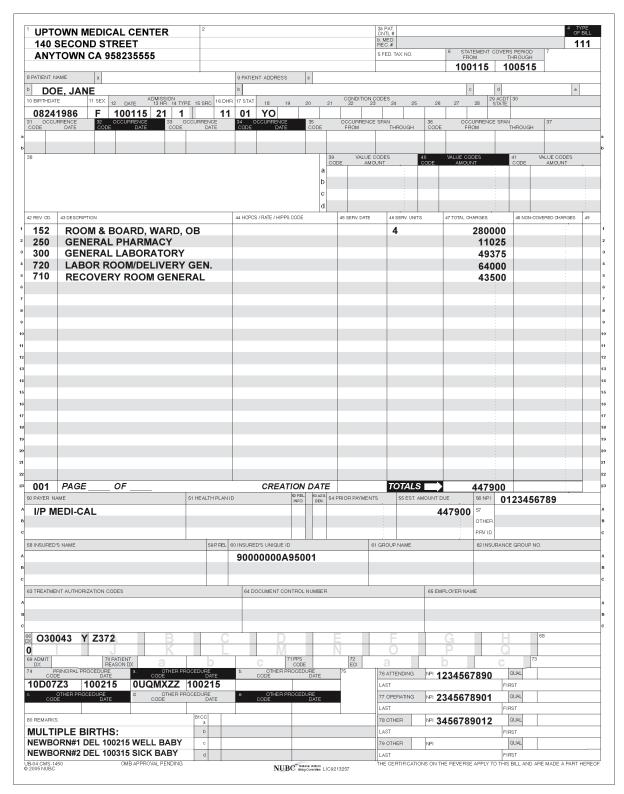
Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. Codes Z38.30 and Q89.09 are exempt from POA reporting requirements. All other diagnosis codes listed require a "Y" (yes) POA.

Enter ICD-10-PCS code 8E01XY7 (other procedure, nervous system, external) in the *Principal Procedure* field (Box 74). Also enter ICD-10-PCS code 6A600ZZ (phototherapy of skin, single) in the *Other Procedure* field. The date of the procedure is listed in six-digit format adjacent to each procedure. In this example the procedures were performed on 100315.

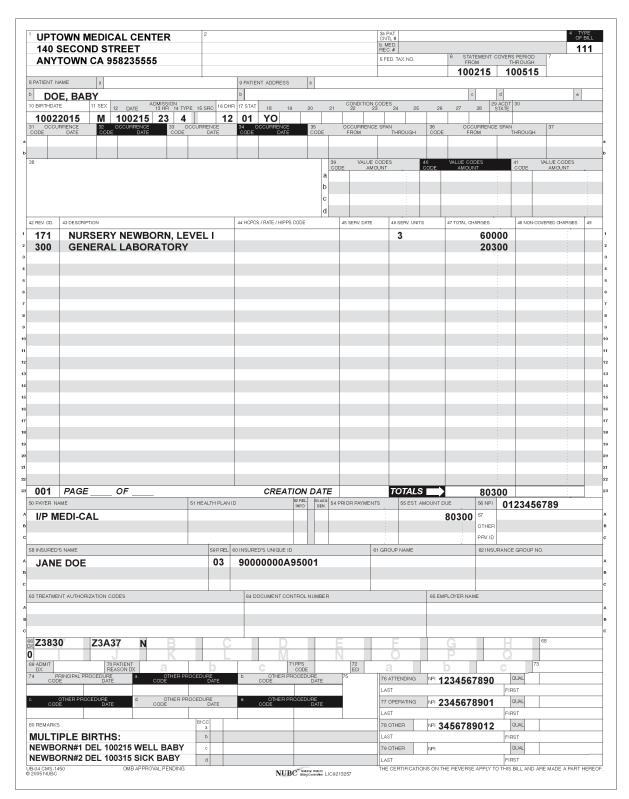
**Note:** No procedure code related to the services rendered to the mother should appear on the baby's claim. Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

When billing claims involving multiple births, the multiple births and the specific birth dates for both twins are included in the *Remarks* field (Box 80) on both twins' claims.

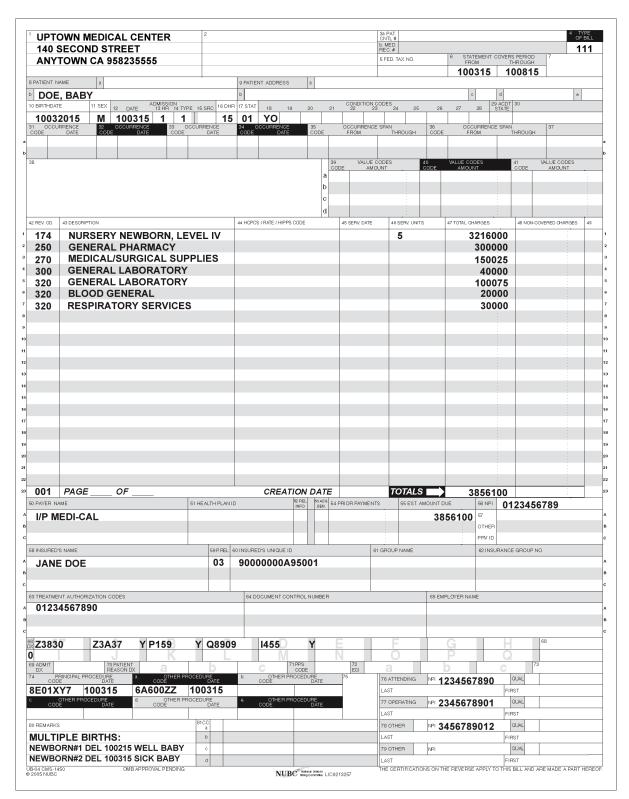
Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76). Enter the operating physician's NPI in the *Operating* field (Box 77). Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first *Other* field (Box 78).



**Figure 2a:** Multiple Births of Twins With Differing Dates of Birth. Mother's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.



**Figure 2b:** Multiple Births of Twins With Differing Dates of Birth. Healthy Twin's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.



**Figure 2c:** Multiple Births of Twins With Differing Dates of Birth. NICU-Admitted Twin's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.

## Vaginal Delivery Prior to Hospital Admission: DRG-Reimbursed Hospital

Figures 3a and 3b. Vaginal delivery prior to hospital admission. Diagnosis-related groups (DRG)-reimbursed hospital.

This is a sample only. Please adapt to your billing situation.

### **Case Description**

A mother vaginally delivers a healthy newborn at home on October 10. The mother and her healthy newborn are admitted to the hospital on October 11.

## **Overview of Policy**

No TAR is required for admission of the mother or the baby. TARs are not required for delivery or well-baby services associated with a delivery.

#### Mother's Claim

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of the mother's admission, October 11, 2015, in six-digit format (101115) in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the 5 a.m. hour of admission in military terms (5) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14) enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "4" indicates a newborn. In the *Source of Admission* field (Box 15) enter a "4," which is required for extramural births.

The total length of the mother's stay is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). Enter the day of admission (101115) as the "From" date and the day of discharge as the "Through" date. In this case, the discharge date is October 13 (101315). Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is 11 a.m. Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this case, the "01" indicates the mother was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

Revenue code 159 is entered in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) to bill services for the mother. Enter the description of code 159 (room and board, ward) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a "2" in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate the number of days the mother stayed in the hospital. Do not count the day of discharge.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Enter an appropriate primary ICD-10-CM diagnosis code in Box 67. In this case, ICD-10-CM diagnosis code O70.1 indicates second degree perineal laceration. Code Z37.0 is entered as the secondary diagnosis code and indicates birth of a single live newborn. These codes are entered on the claim as O701 and Z370, respectively.

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. In this example, the perineal laceration (code O70.1) was present on admission and requires a "Y" (yes) POA. Diagnosis code Z37.0 is exempt from POA reporting requirements.

ICD-10-PCS code 10D07Z8 (extraction of products of conception, other) is an acceptable code to be entered in the *Principal Procedure* field (Box 74). Additionally ICD-10-PCS code 0UQG0ZZ (repair, vagina, open) is entered. The dates of the procedures, October 11, 2015, are entered as 101115.

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

The date of birth is included in the Remarks field (Box 80).

Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76). Enter the operating physician's NPI in the *Operating* field (Box 77).

Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first *Other* field (Box 78).

#### **Newborn's Claim**

Enter the two-digit facility type code "11" and one-character claim frequency code "1" as "111" in the *Type of Bill* field (Box 4).

Enter the date of the baby's admission, October 11, 2015, in six-digit format (101115) in the *Admission Date* field (Box 12). Enter the 5 a.m. hour of admission in military terms (5) in the *Admission Hour* field (Box 13). In the *Admission Type* field (Box 14) enter the "type" of admission. In this case, the "4" indicates a newborn. In the *Source of Admission* field (Box 15) enter a "4" to indicate an extramural birth.

The total length of the baby's stay is entered in the *Statement Covers Period* field (Box 6). Enter the day of admission (101115) as the "From" date and the day of discharge as the "Through" date. In this case, the discharge date is October 13 (101315). Enter the hour of discharge in military time in the *Discharge Hour* field (Box 16). In this case, the discharge hour is 11 a.m. Enter the type of discharge (to home, transferred, etc.) in the *Status* field (Box 17). In this case, the "01" indicates the baby was "discharged to home."

The patient's Medicare status is shown in the *Condition Codes* field (Boxes 18 thru 28). Condition code "YO" indicates the recipient is under age 65 and does not have Medicare coverage.

Revenue code 171 is entered in the *Revenue Code* field (Box 42) to bill services for the well baby. Enter the description of code 171 (nursery newborn, Level I) in the *Description* field (Box 43). Enter a "2" in the *Service Units* field (Box 46) to indicate the number of days the baby stayed in the hospital. Do not count the day of discharge.

All ancillary services are listed. Units of service are not required for ancillary services.

Enter the usual and customary charges in the *Total Charges* field (Box 47). Enter code 001 in the *Revenue Code* column (Box 42, line 23) to designate that this is the total charge line and enter the totals of all charges in "TOTALS" (Box 47, line 23).

Enter an appropriate primary ICD-10-CM diagnosis code in Box 67. In this case, ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z38.1 represents a single liveborn baby born before admission to the hospital. ICD-10-CM diagnosis code Z3A.37 represents gestational age of pregnancy of 37 weeks. The codes are entered on the claim as Z381 and Z3A37.

**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable diagnosis codes (up to 18 on a paper claim) in the *Diagnosis Codes* fields (Boxes 67 through 67Q) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level. The primary diagnosis should be the appropriate Z38.0 thru Z38.8 code for the birth episode.

Also, a present on admission (POA) indicator, if required, is entered in the shaded area to the right of each diagnosis code. In this example, diagnosis code Z38.1 is exempt from POA reporting requirements. Diagnosis code Z3A.37 requires a "Y" (yes) POA.

No procedures were performed on the baby so the *Principal Procedure* field (Box 74) is left blank.

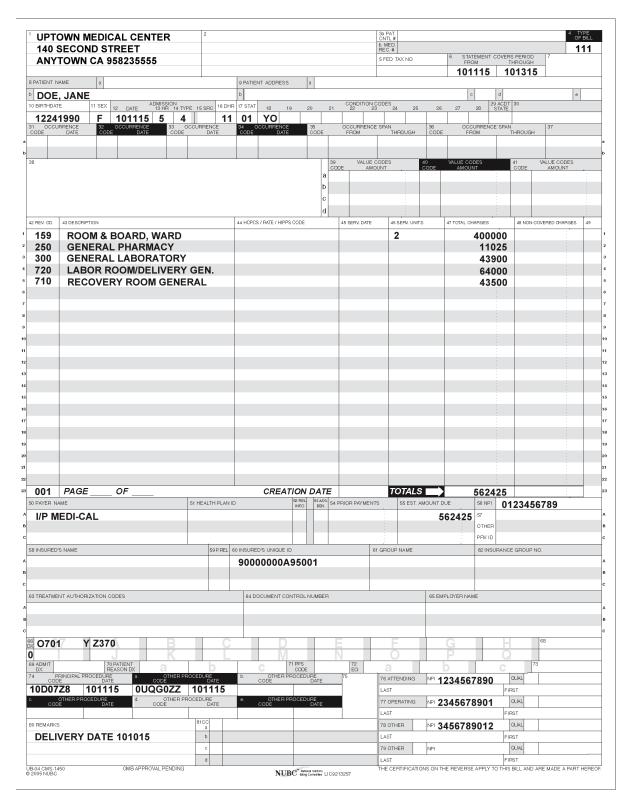
**Note:** Hospitals reimbursed under the DRG payment method are encouraged to enter <u>all</u> applicable procedure codes (up to six on a paper claim) in the *Principal/Other Procedure* fields (Boxes 74 through 74E) so the claim will reimburse at the appropriate level.

The date of birth is included in the *Remarks* field (Box 80).

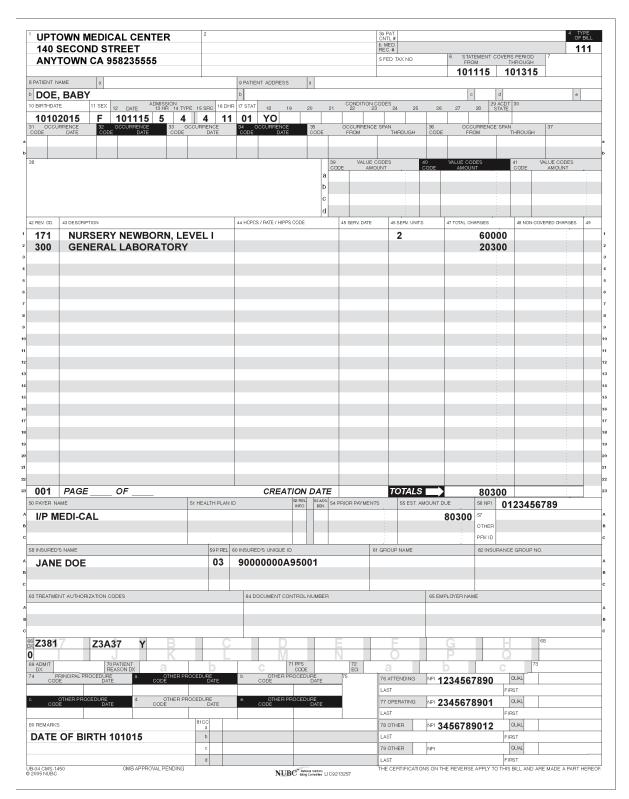
Enter the attending physician's NPI in the *Attending* field (Box 76).

Enter the operating physician's NPI in the *Operating* field (Box 77).

Enter the admitting physician's NPI in the first Other field (Box 78).



**Figure 3a:** Vaginal Delivery Prior to Hospital Admission. Mother's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.



**Figure 3b:** Vaginal Delivery Prior to Hospital Admission. Newborn's Claim. DRG-Reimbursed Hospital.

## «Legend»

«Symbols used in the document above are explained in the following table.»

Symbol	Description
**	This is a change mark symbol. It is used to indicate where on the page the most recent change begins.
>>	This is a change mark symbol. It is used to indicate where on the page the most recent change ends.